

Law

1. Constitution Law of India

Preamble

Fundamental Rights and Duties

Directive Principles of State

Policy Judiciary

Executive

Union state legislative relation

Emergency Provision

Amendment of the Constitution

Writ Jurisdiction

2. Legal Theory

Nature and Source of law

Positivism , natural law, theory, Sociological

Jurisprudence theories of Punishment

Rights and Duties

Concept of posse ion and ownership

3. Public International Law

Nature of international laws and it;s relationship with municipal

Law Source of international Law

Recognition of States and Governments

United Nations'

Settlements of International

Dispute Human Rights

4. Family Law

Concept in family Law Sources

of Family Law in India

Marriage and Dissolution of Marriage

5. Law of Contracts-general Principles

Essentials of a valid contract Offer,

acceptance and consideration

Capacity of Contract-Minor's contract

Element violating contract-Mistake, fraud, misinterpretation, public policy, correction
undue influence, frustration of contract
remedies for breach of contract-damages

6. Laws of Torts

Foundation of Tortious Liability
general defenses to an action of Tort
Vicarious liability
Remoteness' of Damages
Contributory Negligence's
Absolute and Strict Liability

7. Law of Crimes-General Principles

Nature and Definition of Offence
General Exceptions
Common Intention and Common Object
Criminal Attempt, Conspiracy and abetment
Offences against women's

8. Labour law

Concepts-Industry, Industrial Dispute and Workman
Trade Unions Rights and Immunities of registered Trade union, registration and its
disadvantages
Methods for settlements of industrial disputes under Industrial Disputes Act 1947
Strike and Lockout as instrument of Collective Bargaining
Retirement, Lay off and Closures