

**IASE DEEMED UNIVERSITY
GANDHI VIDYA MANDIR,
SARDARSHAHR**



**SYLLABUS
(Annual Scheme)**

**SCHEME OF EXAMINATION AND
COURSES OF STUDY**

Department of History

MASTER OF ARTS IN HISTORY

M.A. History

M.A. PREVIOUS EXAMINATION -2014

M.A. FINAL EXAMINATION -2015

Department of History

IASE Deemed University, Sardarshahar, Churu

Content M.A. History Previous

Five Hours per Week (Each Paper)

There will be Four Papers in Previous. Each paper will be of 3 hours duration and will carry 100 marks. Candidates will attempt five questions in all including the context question where there are texts prescribed for detailed study.

Important points to be noted:

- The theory question paper will contain five sections.
- Theory – 100
- Total Marks – 400 (Four Papers 100 Marks Each)
- Passing Marks will be 36 percent
- Duration of Examination 3 Hours for Each Paper

Scheme of Examination of M.A. Previous History Examination

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Paper Code	Max. Marks
Paper I	Historiography, Historical Concepts, Methods and Tools.	MAHY-110	100
Paper II	Twentieth Century World	MAHY-120	100
Paper III	Cultural Profile of India	MAHY-130	100
Paper IV	(i) History and Culture of Ancient Rajasthan (Earliest times to 1200 A.D.) (ii) History of Rajasthan (A.D. 1800-1956)	MAHY-140 (i) MAHY-140 (ii)	100

Department of History

Content M.A. History Final

Five Hours per Week (Each Paper)

There will be Five Papers in Final. Each paper will be of 3 hours duration and will carry 100 marks. Candidates will attempt five questions in all including the context question where there are texts prescribed for detailed study. There shall be Five Papers, three from any one of the following 3 alternative groups of Indian History.

Important points to be noted:

- The theory question paper will contain five sections.
- Theory -100
- Total Marks – 500 (Four Papers 100 Marks Each)
- Passing Marks will be 36 percent
- Duration of Examination 3 Hours for Each Paper

Scheme of Examination of M.A. Final History Examination Group 'A'

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Paper Code	Max. Marks
Paper I	History of India upto e. A.D. 650	MAHY-210	100
Paper II	History of India A.D. 650-1200	MAHY-220	100
Paper III	Social & Economic Life and Institutions of Ancient India	MAHY-230	100
Paper IV	Elements of Indian Archaeology and Epigraphy.	MAHY-240	100
Paper V	(i) History of ideas (Religious, Political and Social Ideas). (ii) Women in Indian History (iii) History of Indian Thought	MAHY-250(i) MAHY-250 (ii) MAHY-250(iii)	100

Scheme of Examination of M.A. Final History Examination
Group 'B'

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Paper Code	Max. Marks
Paper I	Polity and Economy of India A.D.1200-1750	MAHY-210	100
Paper II	Society and Culture of India A.D. 1200-1750	MAHY-220	100
Paper III	Medieval Rajasthan A.D. 1400-1708	MAHY-230	100
Paper IV	The Art and Architecture of Medieval India A.D. 1200-1700	MAHY-240	100
Paper V	(i) History of ideas (Religious, Political and Social Ideas). (ii) Women in Indian History (iii) History of Indian Thought	MAHY-250(i) MAHY-250 (ii) MAHY-250(iii)	100

Scheme of Examination of M.A. Final History Examination
Group 'C'

Paper No.	Nomenclature of the Paper	Paper Code	Max. Marks
Paper I	History of India A.D.1757-1857	MAHY-210	100
Paper II	History of India A.D.1858-1964	MAHY-220	100
Paper III	Economic History of India A.D. 1757-1947	MAHY-230	100
Paper IV	Historical Application in Tourism (Rajasthan)	MAHY-240	100
Paper V	(i) History of ideas (Religious, Political and Social Ideas). (ii) Women in Indian History (iii) History of Indian Thought	MAHY-250(i) MAHY-250 (ii) MAHY-250(iii)	100

M.A. (Previous) History Examination, 2014

Paper – I Historiography, Historical Concepts, Methods and Tools.

Unit 1

Collection and selection of data, evidence and its transmission. Nature and Scope of History. Use and Misuse of History. Historical objectivity and subject matter of History. Bias in History, Moral Judgment in History. History's relationship with Art and Science.

Unit 2

Traditions of Historical Writings: A brief survey of Arab, Graeco-Roman and Chinese traditions. Recent trends in ancient, medieval and modern historiography of India, Integral Approach to Indian History. Ancient Indian tradition; Medieval Historiography and Modern Historiography. The Influence of Christianity on Historical writing.

Unit 3

Concept of History : Approaches to History: Theological; Orientalist; Imperialist; Nationalist; Marxist; Classical Marxist, Recent Marxist; Subaltern and Post-Modernist. Concept of Progress in History. Philosophy of History and Historicism.

Unit 4

Historical Materialism. Theory of World System, Sociological, Comparative, Cyclical, Ecological Historical Method. Oxford and Cambridge Schools of History and other Modern Historians.

Unit 5

Major Themes in Indian History. Ancient, Medieval and Modern Period. Historiography of Economic; labour and peasant; environment; science and technology. Varna, Jati, Janajati and gender. Religion; Culture and Civilization. Representative study of major debates on the social and economic history of India.

Suggested Readings:

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|------------------------|---|
| Philips, C.H. (ed.) | : Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon. |
| Ghoshal, U.N. | : The Beginning of Indian Historiography and other Essays. |
| Devahuti, D. (ed.) | : Problems of Indian Historiography. |
| Warder, A.K. | : An Introduction to Indian Historiography, 1972. |
| Gardner, Patrick (ed.) | : Theories of History, New York, 1959. |
| Carr, E.H. | : What is History, Penguin, 1965. |
| Stern, Fritz (ed.) | : The Varieties of History, London, 1970. |
| Collingwood R.G. | : The Idea of History, New York, 1957. |
| Sen, S.P. (ed.) | : Historians and Historiography in Modern India. |
| Pathak, V.S. | : Ancient Historians of India, 1966, Asia Publishing House. |
| Walsh | : An Introduction to Philosophy of History, London, 1967. |
| Renier, G.I. | : History, its Purpose and Methods, Boston, 1950. |
| Gooch, G.P. | : History and Historians in the Nineteenth Century, Longmans, Green & Co. |
| Shotwell, J.T. | : History of History. |
| Thomson, J.W. | : History of Historical Writing, 1954. |
| Hardy, Peter | : Historians of Medieval India, London, 1960. |
| Hasan, Mohibul | : Historians of Medieval India, Meerut, 1978. |
| पाण्डे, जी०सी० | : इतिहास : स्वरूप एवं सिद्धान्त, ग्रंथ एकेडमी, जयपुर, 1973 । |
| चौबे, झारखण्ड | : इतिहास दर्शन, वि०वि० प्रकाशन वाराणसी, 1999 । |
| बुद्ध प्रकाश | : इतिहास दर्शन, 1968 । |
| पाण्डे, लालताप्रसाद | : भारतीय इतिहास-दर्शन, अक्षयवट प्रकाशन वाराणसी, इलाहाबाद । |
| सिंह, परमानन्द | : इतिहास दर्शन, मोतीलाल बनारसीदास, दिल्ली । |
| खुराना-बंसल | : इतिहास लेखन धारणाएँ एवं सिद्धान्त । |

Paper – II Twentieth Century World

Unit 1

First World War : Causes and Consequences.
Paris Peace Settlement and its impact.
Boleshevik Revolution : Causes and results.
Lenin – New Economic Policy.

Unit 2

League of Nations: Aim, Achievements and Causes of its failure.
Great Depression : Causes and impact.
Reparation.
Rise of Fascism and Nazism : Causes.
Second World War – Causes and results.

Unit 3

UNO and World Peace.
Cold War – Causes and results.
NATO-Warsaw Pact.
National Movements : Egypt, Turkey.
Non-Aligned Movement.

Unit 4

Foreign Policy of India
Relations of India-China
Problem of Kashmir and Palestine
Civil Rights Movement.
Apartheid.

Unit 5

Disintegration of Socialist block and its impact on politics.
Establishment of American Supremacy.
International Terrorism.
Globalization and its economic and political impact.

Suggested Readings:

- Koebner Richard and Schmidt Helmut Dan : Imperialism : The Story and Significance of Political World (1840-1960) (1963).
Muir, R. : The Expansion of Europe (1939).
Lenin, V.I. : Imperialism, The Highest Stage of Capitalism (1918).
Moon, P.T. : Imperialism and World Politics (1926).
Schumpeter, A : Capitalism, Socialism and Democracy (1950).
Taylor, A.J.P. : Struggle for Mastery in Europe (1848-1918).
Grant and Temperley (ed. by Agutha Ramm) : Europe in 19th Century (1789-1905).
Ramm) : Europe in 19th Century (1905-1970), 1984.
Hearnshaw, F.J.C. : Main Currents of European History.
Albrecht-Canie, R. : A Diplomatic History of Europe Since the Congress of Vienna (1958).
Sen, S.N. : Europe and the World (1789-1945), 1998 Delhi, S. Chand & Co. Ltd.
Fay, S.B. : Origins of World War, 2 Vols. 1930.
Stewart C, Easton : The Western Heritage (from 1500 to the present), 1966.
Kenneth Boulding : Meaning of the Twentieth Century, 1965.
A. Pryce-Jones (ed.) : The New outline of Modern Knowledge, 1956.
Gupta M.G. : International Relations, 2 Vols. (English and Hindi)
चौहान, देवेन्द्र सिंह : यूरोप का इतिहास ।
वर्मा, दीनानाथ : आधुनिक विश्व का इतिहास ।
: अन्तर्राष्ट्रीय सम्बन्ध ।
शर्मा, मथुरालाल : यूरोप का इतिहास (1870–1917)
महाजन, वी०डी० : यूरोप का इतिहास ।

Paper – III Cultural Profile of India

- Unit 1 Meaning and Scope of Culture, Indus civilization –religion; Vedic age – religion and society; evolution of Vaishnavism, Saivism and Saktism.
- Unit 2 Buddhism: Life and Teachings; Contribution of Buddhism to Indian Culture; Jainism: Life and Teachings; Contribution of Jainism to Indian culture, Main currents of Medieval Bhakti Movement; Contribution of Islam to Indian Culture.
- Unit 3 Literary Scenario: Vedic literature, Ramayana, Mahabharata and Puranas; Representative literary figures of India – Kalidas, Banabhatta, Tulsi, Tagore.
- Unit 4 Evolution of Cave architecture, Stupas, Main features of Gandhara and Mathura sculpture, Temple art and architecture of Gupta age, Evolution of Nagara and Dravida temple styles, Ajanta paintings.
- Unit 5 Main centres of learning in India : Taxila, Nalanda, Ujjain, Kanchi; Contribution of Sangam age; contribution of Raja Ram Mohan Rai, Dayanand and Vivekanand to the Indian Society; Contribution of Arya Bhatt and Varaha Mihir.

Suggested Readings:

- Majumdar, R.C. and Puskalkar, A.D. : The History and Culture of the Indian People, Vol. I, II, III, IV, IX, parts I & II (Chapters on Art, Religion and Literature only).
- Lunia, B.N. : Evolution of Indian Culture.
- Coomaraswamy, A.K. : History of Indian and Indonesian Art.
: Indian Architecture Vol. I & II.
- Brown Percy : Indian Paintings.
- Kramrisch, S. : Hindu Temple 2 Vols..
: Indian Sculpture.
- Saraswati, S.K. : Survey of Indian Sculpture.
- Altekar, A.S. : Education in Ancient India.
- Aurobindo : Foundation of Indian Culture.
- Mookerjee, R.K. : Hindu View of Life.
: Cultural Heritage of India Vol. IV.
- Keith, A.B. : History of Sanskrit Literature (in Hindi also).
- Das Gupta, S.N. (ed.) : A History of Sanskrit Literature.
- Gopal, L. & Yadav, B.N.S. : Bhartiya Sanskriti.
- Basham, A.L. : The Wonder That was India.
- Jaiswal, S. : History of Vaishnavism.
- Farquhar : Religious Movements in India.
- गुप्ता, परमेश्वरीलाल : भारतीय वास्तुकला ।
- भण्डारकर, आर०जी० : वैष्णव, शैव और अन्य धार्मिक मत ।
- कीथ, ए०बी० : वैदिक धर्म के विकास का इतिहास ।
- पाण्डे, जी०सी० : बौद्ध धर्म के विकास का इतिहास ।
- जैन, एच०एल० : भारतीय संस्कृति को जैन धर्म का योगदान ।
- भारद्वाज, कमलेश : भारतीय संस्कृति ।
- गुप्त, शिवशंकर : भारतीय संस्कृति के मूल आधार ।

**Paper IV Either (i)- History and Culture of Ancient Rajasthan
(Earliest times to 1200 A.D.)**

- Unit I* : Impact of Geography on Early History of Rajasthan-Brief study of main sources- Main features and extent of Palaeolithic Cultures of Rajasthan Problem of Mesolithic Culture (Bagor and Tilwara).
- Unit – II* : Early Chalcolithic Cultures of Ahar and Gilund.Excavations at Kalibanga-Problem of Black and Red Ware Pottery.
- Unit III* : History of Matsya Janapada.Establishment of Republican tribes in Rajasthan with special reference to Sivas and Malavas.
- Unit IV* : Origin of the Rajputs-various theories.A Short Survey of (i) Pratiharas of Mandavapura, (ii) Guhilas of Medapata achievements and decline, Pratihara empire.
- Unit V* : Achievements of Chahamanas and their decline. Chalukyas in Rajasthan, Administrative, Social, Literary and Cultural development during 700-1200 A.D.

Suggested Readings:

- Ganguly, D.C. : The Paramars
Bhatia, P. : The Paramars.
Sharma, Dasharath : Rajasthan Through the Ages (Vol.I).
Sharma, Dastharth . : Early Chauhan Dynasties .
Raychudhari, H.C. . : Political History of Ancient India, (relevant portion).
Ojha, G.H. : History of Rajputana. (relevant volumes)
Sankalia, D.C. : Pre-history and Proto_histry of India and Pakisthan 2nd edn .
Shukla, D.C. : Early History of Rajasthan .
Munshi, K, M. : The Glory that was Gurjana Desh (3 Volumes) .
Puri,B.N. : Pratiharas .
Sankalia, H.D. : Excavations at Ahar (Tambavti) Poona, 1968 .
Banerjee,A. : Archaeology of South-Eastern Rajasthan, .
Mishra,V.N. : Pre-history and proto-history of Berach Basin .
Hanne, Ryde : Excavations at Rangamahala .
Asopa,J.N. : Origin of the Rajputs .

Paper – IV Either (ii)- History of Rajasthan – A.D. 1800-1956

Unit 1 Circumstances leading to the treaties with East India Company by States of Rajputana and their impact.

Upheaval of 1857 – Causes, main events, nature and results.

Land Revenue and Judicial reforms.

Unit 2 Development of Means of Transport and Communication in Post 1857 period.

Monopoly over Salt and Opium Trade, Famines.

Social reforms through legislation.

Age of modernization, with special reference to Jodhpur and Bikaner.

Unit 3 Causes of Political Awakening.

Bijolia Movement, Bhil Movement.

Revolutionary activities in Rajasthan.

Early Political activities in major States of Rajasthan

Unit 4 Prajamandal Movements with special reference to Jodhpur, Jaipur and Udaipur.

Policy of AISPC towards the freedom struggle in princely states of Rajasthan.

Attitude of Rajputana Princess towards Indian Federation.

Attitude of princes towards the freedom struggle.

Unit 5 Establishment of responsible government in States of Jodhpur, Jaipur, Bikaner and

Mewar. Integration of Princely States of Rajputana.

Suggested Readings:

Sarkar, J.N.	: Downfall of the Mughal Empire Vol. I to IV.
Bannerji, A.C.	: Rajput States and East Indian Company.
Bhattacharya, Sukumar	: East India Company and the States of Rajputana.
Khadgawat, N.R.	: Rajasthan's Role in Struggle of 1857.
Rathore, L.S.	: Political Movements and Constitutional Development in Princely States of Rajputana.
Saxena, K.S.	: Political Movements and Awakening in Rajasthan.
Vashishtha, V.K.	: Rajputana Agency.
Pema Ram	: Agrarian Movements in Rajasthan.
Mathur, V.D.	: States Peoples Conference in Rajasthan.
Darda, R.S.	: From Feudalism to Democracy.
Menon, V.P.	: The Story of Integration of Indian States.

व्यास, आर०पी०	: राजस्थान का बृहत् इतिहास, भाग 1-2 ।
सरदेसाई, जी०एस०	: मराठों का नवीन इतिहास, भाग 1-3 ।
व्यास, प्रकाश	: राजस्थान में स्वाधीनता संग्राम । सक्सेना, शंकर सहाय एवं
शर्मा, पद्मजा	: बिजोलिया आन्दोलन ।
शर्मा, कालूराम	: उन्नीसवीं शती में राजस्थान का सामाजिक तथा आर्थिक जीवन ।
माथुर, सर्वोत्तम	: महाराजा उम्मेदसिंह : आधुनिक मारवाड़ के निर्माता ।

M.A. (Final) History Group 'A' Examination, 2015

Paper – I History of India upto e. A.D. 650

Unit 1 Sources, Palaeolithic and Mesolithic Cultures; and Rock art;
Neolithic and Chalcolithic Village cultures.

Unit 2 Bronze age: First urbanization; Early Harappan, Mature Harappan, Late and Post-Harappan ; Vedic Society: Polity; Economy; Religion; Early Iron Age : Disposal of the dead,
Megalithic culture.

Unit 3 Janapadas and Mahajanapadas : Monarchical and republican; Second urbanization;
Urban
Centres. Towards Empire: Nandas and Mauryas: Polity, Foreign Relations, Art and Architecture, Asokan Edicts, Dhamma.

Unit 4 Post Mauryan developments: Sungas and Kanvas; Indo-Greeks and Saka – Pahlavas -
Social conditions; Satavahanas and the Western Kshatrapas; Kushanas; Sangam age.

Unit 5 Guptas, Vakatakas and Vardhanas:
Guptas – Administrative organization, revival of Vedic and Puranic religious traditions,
Sanskrit literature, Science and Technology.
Impact of the Huna invasions, Harsha - Administration and religion.

Suggested Readings:

Sankalia, H.D. : Indian Archaeology Today.

Sankalia, H.D. : Prehistory and Protohistory of Indian and Pakistan (revised edn.)

Dikshit, K.N. : Archaeological Perspectives of India since Independence.

Lal, B.B. : Indian Archaeology since Independence.

Gupta, S.P. : The Roots of Indian Art.

Agrawal, D.P. : The Archaeology of India.

Agrawal, V.S. : Indian Art.

Allchin, Bridget and F. Raymond : The Rise of Civilization in India and Pakistan.

Basham, A.L. : The Wonder that was India.

Majumdar, R.C. et al (ed.): The History and Culture of Indian People, Vols. I, II and III (relevant portions).

Chakrabarti, D.K.: India – An Archaeological History, Palaeolithic Beginnings to Early Historical

Foundation.

Harle, J.C . : Art and Architechutre of the Indian Subcontinent.

Thapar, Romila : A History of India, Vol. I.

Sastri, K.A.N. : A History of South India.

Adhya, G.L. : Early Indian Economics.

Raychaudhuri, H.C.: Political History of Ancient India (revised edn.).

Thapar, R. : Asoka and the Decline of the Mauryas.

Pathak, V. : History of Kosala.

Chattopadhyaya, S.: Sakas in India.

Narain, A.K. : The Indo-Greeks.

Sastri, K.A.N.(ed.): Comprehensive History of India, Vol II.

Maity, S.K. : The Imperial Guptas and their Times.

Agrawal, Ashvini : The Rise and Fall of the Imperial Guptas.

Mukherjee, B.N .: Rise and Fall of the Kushana Empire.

Majumdar R.C. and Altekar A.S.: The Vakataka – Gupta Age.

Shastri, A.M. : The Vakatakas: Sources and History.

Devahuti, D. : Harsha : A Political Study.

Sharma, R.S. : Perspectives in Social and Economic History of Early India.

Thapar, Romila : From Lineage to State : Social Formations in the Mid-First Millenium B.C. in the Ganga Valley.

Pathak, V.S. : Smarta Religious Tradition.

शास्त्री, के०ए०एन० : नन्द मौर्य युगीन भारत ।

मुकर्जी, आर०के० : चन्द्रगुप्त मौर्य और उनका काल ।

थापर, रोमिला : अशोक और मौर्य साम्राज्य का पतन ।

मजमूदार तथा अल्तेकर : वाकाटक गुप्त यगु ।

मिराशी, वी०वी० : वाकाटक राजवंश और उनके अभिलेख ।

वेदालंकार, ह० : प्राचीन भारत का राजनीतिक और सांस्कृतिक इतिहास ।

पाण्डे, जी०सी० : वैदिक संस्कृति ।

मजमूदार, आर०सी० : श्रेण्य युग ।

गोयल, श्रीराम : प्राचीन भारत का इतिहास खण्ड 1-2 ।

Paper – II History of India A.D. 650-1200

- Unit 1 Interpreting the period : Changing patterns of polity, economy and society; and integrative approaches; Sources : Sanskrit, Tamil, epigraphy and numismatics.
- Unit 2 Polity : Political Structure and forms of legitimation; regional variations: northern and eastern India; Western and Central India, Deccan and South India.
- Unit 3 Economy : Agrarian economy : Irrigation; urban settlements; trade and craft guilds; forms of exchange; coinage and currency; interest and wages; traders, merchants and craftsmen.
- Unit 4 Society : Social stratification; untouchability; status of women; marriage; property rights; educational ideas and institutions.
- Unit 5 Religion : Bhakti movements; Shaivism; Vaishnavism; Jainism; Buddhism; Christianity; Islam; Philosophy : Main trends in literature : Sanskrit and Tamil.

Suggested Readings:

- Majumdar, R.C., et al(ed.): The History and Culture of Indian People, Vols. III, IV and V (relevant portions).
- Tripathi, R.S. : History of Kanauj (relevant portions).
- Sharma, D. : Rajasthan through the Ages, Vol. I.
- Jha, D.N. : Ancient India.
- Basham, A.L. : The Wonder that was India.
- Jaiswal, S. : History of Vaishnavism.
- Bhandarkar, R.G. : Vaishnavism, Saivism and Minor Religious Sects.
- Hiriyanna, M Essentials of Indian Philosophy.
- Winternitz : History of Indian Literature, Vols. I, II and III.
- Yadava, B.N.S. : Society and Culture of Northern India in the Twelfth Century.
- Thapar, Romila : Ancient Indian Social History – Some Interpretations.
- Sharma, R.S. : Aspects of Political Ideas and Institutions in Ancient India.
- : Indian Feudalism.
- : Material Culture and Social Formations in Ancient India.
- : Perspectives in Social and Economic History of Early India.
- : Sudras in Ancient India.
- : Urban Decay in India (c.300 – c.1300).
- Chattopadhyaya, B.D. : The Making of Early Medieval India.
- Champakalakshmi, R. : Trade and Ideology and Urbanisation : South India (300 B.C. – 1300 A.D.)
- यदुवंशी : शैव मत ।
- उपाध्याय, बी० : संस्कृत साहित्य का इतिहास ।
- : वैदिक धर्म और साहित्य ।
- पाण्डे, जी०सी० : बौद्ध धर्म के विकास का इतिहास ।
- जैन, हीरालाल : भारतीय संस्कृति को जैन धर्म का योगदान ।
- कीथ, ए०बी० : वैदिक धर्म और दर्शन, भाग 1-2 ।
- : संस्कृत साहित्य का इतिहास ।
- भण्डारकर, आर०जी० : वैष्णव, शैव और अन्य धार्मिक मत ।
- गोयल, श्रीराम : प्राचीन भारत का इतिहास, भाग 3 ।
- बैशम, ए०एल० : अद्भुत भारत ।

Paper – III Social and Economic Life and Institutions of Ancient India

- Unit 1 Purusharthas and their significance; origin and development of Varna organisation, transformation of Varnas into castes; meaning and importance of Asrama system with special reference to the Brahmacharya and the Grihastha Asramas.
- Unit 2 Sanskaras: aims and significance of the Sanskaras in Hindu Social system; The Upanayana and Vivaha Sanskaras; Status of women in ancient India. Educational ideas and institutions – ideals of Indian education; main centres of learning.
- Unit 3 Land and revenue system in ancient India: ownership of land, types of land, land tenure, land grants; Land revenue; principles of taxation, other taxes.
- Unit 4 Agriculture industry and labour: Cultivation, and other main industries, Labour system – slave, forced and hired labour.
- Unit 5 Trade and Commerce: Inland trade, foreign trade; trade routes; Barter system; coins and currency, organization and functions of guilds.

Suggested Readings:

- Prabhu, P.N. : Hindu Social Organization (also in Hindi).
- Kane, P.V. : History of Dharmasastras (Hindi trans. also)
- Altekar, A.S. : Position of Women in Hindu Civilization. : Education in Ancient India.
- Maity, S.K. : Economic Life of Northern India in the Gupta Period.
- Bose, A.N. : Social and Rural Economy of Northern India, Vols. I and II.
- Majumdar, R.C : Corporate Life in Ancient India.
- Sharma, R.S. : Indian Feudalism.
- Ghoshal, U.N. : Agrarian System in Ancient India. : Contribution to the History of Hindu Revenue System.
- Gopal, L. : The Economic Life of Northern India (c.700-1200 A.D.) Revised edn. : Agriculture in Ancient India.
- Majumdar, R.C. : The History and Culture of Indian People, Vol. I, II, III, IV and V (relevant portions).
- जौहरी, मनोरमा : वर्णाश्रम व्यवस्था ।
- पाण्डे, आर०बी० : हिन्दू संस्कार ।
- वेदालंकार, एच० : हिन्दू परिवार – मीमांसा ।
- मिश्र, जयशंकर : प्राचीन भारत का सामाजिक इतिहास ।
- ओमप्रकाश : प्राचीन भारत का सामाजिक और आर्थिक इतिहास ।
- मिश्र, श्याम मनोहर : प्राचीन भारत में आर्थिक जीवन ।
- सहाय, शिवस्वरूप : प्राचीन भारत का सामाजिक एवं आर्थिक इतिहास ।
- गोयल, प्रीतिप्रभा : विवाह संस्कार मीमांसा ।

Paper – IV Elements of Indian Archaeology and Epigraphy

Unit 1 Definition and scope of archaeology, history of Indian archaeology, changing attitudes, recent trends and their application in India, concept of new archaeology.

Unit 2 Relative dating methods, dating the past: Radio-carbon; under-water archaeology; main archaeological sites of Rajasthan and Gujarat; Ahar, Kalibanga, Balathal, Dholavira, Lothal.

Unit 3 Value of inscriptions for historical reconstruction, origin and antiquity of the art of writing in India, Scripts: Brahmi and Kharoshthi, Dating and eras: pre-era dating methods, Vikrama, Saka and Gupta.

Unit 4 Historical and Cultural Study of the following inscriptions:

1. Bairat Edict of Asoka.
2. Rummindei Pillar inscription of Asoka.
3. Besnagar inscription of Heliiodorus.
4. Hathigumpha inscription of Kharvela.
5. Girnar Rock inscription of Rudradamana.
6. Nasik cave inscription of Gautami Balasri.

Unit 5 Historical and Cultural Study of the following inscriptions:

1. Allahabad Pillar Inscription of Samudragupta.
2. Mehrauli Pillar inscription of Chandra.
3. Junagarh/Bhitari inscription of Skandagupta.
4. Aihole inscription of Pulakesin II.
5. Bauk inscription of Mandore.
6. Gwalior inscription of Mihirbhoja.

Suggested Readings:

Sankalia, H.D. : Indian Archaeology Today. : Prehistory and Protohistory of Early India and Pakistan (revised edn.).

Wheeler, M. : Early India and Pakistan.

Piggott, S. : Prehistoric India.

Lal, B.B. : Indian Archaeology Since Independence.

Lal, B.B.(ed.) : Frontiers of the Indus Civilization.

Zeuner : Dating the Past.

Mandal, G.R. : Radiocarbon Dates and Indian Archaeology.

Sankalia, et al : Excavations at Ahar, 1961-62. Archaeology in India, Government of India Publication.

Dikshit, K.N. : Archaeological Perspectives of India Since Independence.

Sankalia, H.D. : An Introduction to Archaeology.

Pandey, R.B. : Ancient Indian Historical and Literary Inscriptions.

Sircar, D.C. : Select Inscriptions, Vols. I and II.

Fleet, J.F. : Corpus Inscription Indicarum, Vols. I, II and III.

Hultzsch : Inscriptions of Asoka.

Gupta, S.P. and Ramachandran, K.S. : The Origin of Brahmi Script.

Ramesh, K.V. : Indian Epigraphy.

वर्मा, आर०के० : भारतीय प्रागैतिहास, भाग 1-2 ।

पाण्डे, जे०एन० : पुरातत्व विमर्श ।

जायसवाल, विदुल : पुरापाषाण काल । उत्तरपाषाण काल ।

थपलियाल, के०के० : सिन्धु सभ्यता ।

अग्रवाल, डी०पी० एव पन्नालाल : पुरैतिहासिक पुरातत्व ।

पाण्डेय, आर०बी० : अशोक के अभिलेख ।

गोयल, श्रीराम : प्राचीन भारतीय अभिलेख संग्रह । गुप्तकालीन अभिलेख ।

: मौखरी पुष्पभूति चालुक्य युगीन अभिलेख ।

गुप्त, परमेश्वरीलाल : प्राचीन भारतीय अभिलेख, भाग 1 और 2 ।

उपाध्याय, वासुदेव : गुप्त अभिलेख ।

ओझा, जी०एच० : प्राचीन लिपिमाला ।

M.A. (Final) History Gr. 'B' Examination, 2015

Paper – I Polity and Economy of India A.D. 1200-1750

Unit 1 Primary Sources –

Inscription, Monuments and Sculpture, Tarikh-i-Firozshahi, Babarnama, Akbarnama, Muntakhabut-Tawarikh, Bernier, Manuchi.

Unit 2 State, Institutional Structure and System of Government –

Nature, theory of Kingship: Pressure groups, Iqta, Mansab and Jagir, State and rural society and village administration.

Unit 3 Ruling Classes –

Evolving composition, local alliances and conflict; patterns of resistance, collapse of empire; Emergence of regional states with special reference to Vijayanagar and Bahamni.

Unit 4 Agrarian Economy, Trade and Commerce –

Control over land, relations of production resource base and the pattern of resource use in agrarian production; Nature and magnitude of taxation, agrarian relations; inland and maritime trade, structure of trade, role of Arab and European traders.

Unit 5 Growth of cities and towns, Industries and production technology –

Nature and Classification, demographic changes, administration, urban communities and morphology of cities; Textiles, Agro-industries, metal technology and artisans.

Suggested Readings:

- Ali, M.Athar : The Mughal Nobility under Aurangzeb (Mumbai, Asia, 1970)
- Ashraf, K.M. : Life and Conditions of the people of Hindustan 1200-1550 A.D., Delhi, 1970.
- Habib, A.B.M. : The Foundation of Muslim Rule in India.
- Habib, Irfan : Agrarian System of Mughal India (1526-1707) Mumbai, Asia, 1963.
- Habib, Mohammad: Politics and Society in early medieval period, Vol. I & II, Delhi, 1974.
- Elliot and Dowson: History of India as told by its own Historians (also Hindi ed.) Relevant portion.
- Dey, U.N. : Government of Delhi Sultanate.
- Habib, Mohammad and K.A. Nizami : Comprehensive History of India Vol. V, Delhi, 1987
- Hasan, S.Nurul : Thoughts on agrarian Relations in Mughal India, Delhi, 1973.
- Moreland, W.H . : Agrarian System of Muslim India, Delhi, 1968.
- Mukhia, Harbans : Historian and Historiography during the Reign of Akbar, Delhi, 1976.
- Naqvi, H.K . : Urbanisation and Urban Centres under the great Mughals, Simla, 1971.
- Satish Chandra : Historiography, Religion and State in Medieval India, Delhi, 1996.
- Tripathi R.P. : Some Aspects of Muslim administration, Allahabad, 1964.
- Lal, K.S. : Studies in Medieval Indian History.

Paper – II Society and Culture of India A.D. 1200-1750

- Unit 1 Structure of Rural and Urban Society :
Composition and Stratification of rural Society, Village Community, Forms of dominance, resistance and conflicts; Composition of Urban Society: Classes and communities; Rural – Urban relationships and urban life.
- Unit 2 Formation of regional identities:
Movements and cults – Jagannath cult in Orrisa, Vaishnavite movement in Eastern India, Ascendancy of Namboodries in Kerala.
- Unit 3 Islam, Sufism and Sikhism –
Islam – Origin and its main teachings; Sufism, its origin, concepts and main centres; Sikhism and its main teachings.
- Unit 4 Bhakti Movement :
Origin and Evolution of Bhakti Cult in India, main tenets of the Bhakti movement, Life and teachings of the main Saints – Kabir, Nanak, Tulsidas, Meerabai, Chaitanya and Namdev.
- Unit 5 Literature and cultural synthesis:
Persian literature, Sanskrit literature, Urdu, Rajasthani; State and Orthodoxy, religions and sectarian communities and evolution of composite culture.

Suggested Readings:

- Rizvi Syed Athar Abbas : History of Sufism. Vol. I.
Yousuf Hussain : Glimpses of Medieval Indian Culture.
Mohd. Yasin : Social History of Islamic India.
राधेशरण : मध्यकालीन भारत की सांस्कृतिक संरचना ।
घनश्यामदत्त शर्मा : मध्यकालीन भारतीय सामाजिक, आर्थिक एवं सामाजिक संस्थाएं ।
श्रीराम शर्मा : मुगल शासकों की धार्मिक नीति ।
के०एम० अशरफ : हिन्दुस्तान के लोगों का जीवन व परिस्थितियाँ ।
सतीश चन्द्र : उत्तर मुगल कालीन भारत ।

Paper – III Medieval Rajasthan A.D.1400-1708

Unit I : Primary Sources :Inscriptions, Persian Histories, arsatthas and Khyats, Bat and Vigat, Nainsi's Khyat and Vigat, Jain Literature.

Unit II : Rise of Mewar and Marwar :Rajasthan in the 15th Century : Mewar and the Sultans, Political History of Mewar from Kumbha to Sangram Singh, Marwar till the death of Maldev.

Unit III : Rajputs and Mughals : Akbar's early contact with Rajputs, Occupation of Mewar : Rana Pratap; Rajputs as mansabdars: Bhagwan Das and Man Singh, Composition of Rajput segment of Mughal nobility; Jahangir's policy towards Rajputs; Shahjahan and the Rathores.

Unit IV : Rajput Polity, Administration and Economy: Position of ruler, concept of tan and rekh, Tankhwah and Watan Jagirs, Rajput administration, Trade and commerce, Mahajans, the rise of the business community.

Unit V : Rajputs and Later Mughals: The Rajputs and the war of succession 1658-59, urangzeb's Rajput policy in the early years; share of the Rajputs in mansabs; Mirza Raja Jai Singh, Sawai Jai Singh; the Rajputs and the war of succession (1707-08) and the settlement with Bahadur Shah.

Suggested Readings:

- B.L. Bhadani : Peasants, Artisans and entrepreneurs- Economy of Marwar in the Seventeenth Century.
Dasaratha Sharma : Lectures in Rajput History.: Rajasthan through the Ages, Vol. I.
Dilbagh Singh : State, Landlords and Peasants.
G.D. Sharma : Rajput Polity.
G.H. Ojha : Rajputana Ka Itihas (relevant volumes)
G.N. Sharma : Mewar and the Mughal Emperors.: Social Life in Medieval Rajasthan.
James Tod : Annals and Antiquities of Rajasthan.
S.P. Gupta : Agrarian System of Eastern Rajasthan (1650-1750).
V.S. Bhargava : Marwar and the Mughal Emperors. (Hindi edi. also).
V.S. Bhatnagar : Life and times of Sawai Jai Singh.
Shyamal Das : Vir Vinod.
A.C. Banerjee : Rajput Studies.
K.S. Gupta : Mewar and Marathas.
G.C. Tikkiwal : Jaipur and the later Mughals.
गोपीनाथ शर्मा : राजस्थान के इतिहास के स्रोत ।
वी०एन० रेऊ : मारवाड का इतिहास भाग 1-2 ।

Paper – IV The Art and Architecture of Medieval India A.D.1200-1700

Unit 1 Architecture during the Sultanate period:

Main characteristics of the Islamic architecture; architecture under the various dynasties of the Delhi Sultanate.

Regional styles – Deccan, Gujarat, Bahamani, Kashmir.

Unit 2 Main Characteristics of the Mughal architecture :

Development of architecture during the reign of Babar, Humayun, Shershah, Akbar, Jahagir, Shahjahan, Aurangzeb. Impact of Muslim architecture on Hindu architecture.

Unit 3 Rajput and Mughal painting :

Salient features of Rajput painting – Jodhpur, Bikaner, Kota, Bundi, Mewar, Nathdwara, Kishangarh and Jaipur. Mughal painting; Western Indian Manuscript painting; Provincial Schools of Painting.

Unit 4 Temple art and architecture in Medieval India:

Salient Features of main temples – Khajuraho, Konark, Mt. Abu, Ranakpur.

Unit 5 Fort Architecture of Medieval India : Salient features of medieval forts with special

reference to Chittor, Kumbhalgarh, Ranthambor, Jalore, Mehrangarh, Daultabad, and Agra.

Suggested Readings:

Madhukar Sripat Mate	: Early Historic fortification in the Ganga Valley, Puratatva, Pt.III, 1969-70.
Percy Brown	: Indian Architecture, Vol. I and II.
Percy Brown	: Indian Painting.
Rowland, B.	: Indian Art.
Coomaraswamy, AK	: History of Indian and Indonesian Art.
Majumdar, R.C. and Pusalkar A.D.	: The History and Culture of Indian People, Vol.I, II, IV & IX (Chapters on Art).
दीनानाथ दुबे	: भारत के दुर्ग ।
रतन लाल मिश्र	: राजस्थान के दुर्ग ।
गोपीनाथ शर्मा	: राजस्थान का इतिहास ।
हंस नोटियाल	: देहली का किला ।

M.A. (Final) History Group 'C' Examination, 2015

Paper – I History of India – A.D. 1757-1857

Unit 1 Sources : Archival, Private papers.

Growth of British Power – Carnatic Wars, Plassey and Buxar.

The Assumption of Diwani and Dual Government.

Regulating Act 1772

Unit 2 British Policy towards – Awadh (1765-97), Mysore (1772-99), Hyderabad (1765-97) and Maratha (1772-1805).

Subsidiary Alliance System – Nizam, Mysore, Marathas.

Pindary War, Downfall of Marathas.

Unit 3 Ram Mohan Roy, Indian Renaissance during 19th Century

Charter act of 1813 and 1833.

Education Policy in Charter act.

Reforms of Lord Cornwallis.

Administrative reforms during 1757 to 1857.

Unit 4 Impact of Western Education and Culture.

Pre 1857 Peasant and Tribal Resistance.

Upheaval of 1857 – Ideology, Programme, Peoples Participation British repression and response, Role of Peasant in 1857 Revolt.

Unit 5 Expansion of British Power in Awadh, Sindh, Punjab.

Internal Policy of Dalhousie's Annexation – Doctrine of Lapse.

British Policy towards Afghanistan, Burma, Nepal.

Land and Revenue Policy during this period.

Suggested Readings:

- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| Dodwell, H.H. | : Cambridge History of India Vol. V. |
| Majumdar, R.C. | : Maratha Supremacy Vol. VIII.:British Paramountcy and Renaissance Vol. IX. |
| Tara Chand | : History of Freedom Movement Vol. I and II (Hindi edition is also available) |
| Dutt, R.C. | : The Economic History of India Vol. I and II. |
| Kulkarni, V.B. | : British Dominion in India and After. |
| Sen, S.N. | : Eighteen Fifty Seven. |
| Bipin Chandra | : Modern Indian History |
| Barun Dey | : Freedom Struggle. |
| Desai A.R. | : Peasant Struggle in India. |
| Choudhary, S.B. | : Civil Disturbances during the British Rule in India. |
| Ranjit Guha | : Elementary Aspects of Peasants Insurgency in Colonial India. |

Paper – II History of India – A.D. 1858-1964

Unit 1 British administrative system :

Central, Provincial Legislatures, Provincial Autonomy. Local Self Government.

Decentralization of Finance. Public Services. Relations with neighbours : Afghanistan, Tibet.

Unit 2 Relations between Peasantry and Landlords :

Origin of commercialisation of agriculture and its effect. Rise of modern industry.

Rise of Middle Class and Caste Movements.

Unit 3 Rise of Nationalism in India.

Theory, Theme and Achievements of Moderates, Extremists. Revolutionary Movement.

Home Rule Movement.

Unit 4 Political ideas of Mahatma Gandhi.

Non-cooperation Movement. Civil Disobedience Movement.

Quit India Movement. Political ideas of Jai Prakash Narayan, J.L. Nehru and Subhash Bose

Unit 5 Communal politics and partition.

Integration of Princely States. The Making of the Indian Constitution.

Land and Industrial Policy of Independent India. Development of Education.

Suggested Readings:

- Majumdar, R.C. : British Paramountcy & Renaissance Vol. IX & X.
Mishra, B.B. : Administrative History of India. : Indian Middle Classes – their growth in modern times.
Dodwell H.H. : Cambridge History of India Vol. VI.
Sarkar Sumit : Modern India.
Singh, V.B. : Economic History of India 1857-1956.
Tara Chand : History of Freedom Movement.
Kaushal G. : Economic History of India.
Dutta, R.C. : The Economic History of India Vol. I and II.
Mehrotra, S.R. : Emergence of Indian National Congress.
Grover, B.L. : British Policy towards Indian National Congress.
Joshi, V.C. : Ram Mohan and the Process of Modernisation in India.
Gopal, S. : British Policy in India 1858-1905.
Menon, V.P. : Transfer of Power. : The Story of Integration of Indian States.
Girija Shankar : Socialist Trends in Indian National Movement.
Choudhary, Satyabrata: Leftist Movement in India. Phadnis, Urmila : Towards the Integration of Indian States.
Robin Jeferey : People, Princes and Paramount Power.
Moin Sakir : Khilafat To Partition.
Hasan Mushirul : Nationalism and Communal Politics in India.
विपिन चन्द्र : भारत में आर्थिक राष्ट्रवाद का उद्भव और विकास । : भारत का स्वतंत्रता संघर्ष ।
नागर-पुरुषोत्तम : आधुनिक भारतीय राजनीतिक विचारक ।
अग्रवाल, आर.एन. : राष्ट्रीय आन्दोलन एवं संवैधानिक विकास ।
प्रतापसिंह : आधुनिक भारत का सामाजिक व आर्थिक इतिहास ।
जैन, एम.एस. : आधुनिक भारत का इतिहास ।
रॉबर्ट्स, पी.ई. : ब्रिटिश कालीन भारत का इतिहास ।

Paper – III Economic History of India – A.D. 1757-1947

Unit 1 Sources of Economic History of India; Nature and structure of Indian economy in mid 18th Century: Mercantalism and European economic interests in India; Drain of Wealth its mechanism, magnitude and effects.

Unit 2 Revenue administration of Bengal – 1765-85; Permanent Settlement – objects and effects; Ryotwari and Mahalwari system; Changing pattern of crops; Famines – causes and Famine Relief.

Unit 3 Artisan and Handicraft; Development of Industries with special reference to Cotton and Iron; Growth of Railways and their impact; Labour Movement.

Unit 4 Internal and External Trade; Tariff and Excise, Monetary and Credit System; Main trends in Price Movement and its impact; National Income after 1858; population growth; trends in demographic changes.

Unit 5 Problems and Limitations of Indian Economy; Different approaches with special reference to Dadabhai Naoroji, R.C. Dutt, Mahatma Gandhi and M.N. Roy; Indian Economy between Two World Wars.

Suggested Readings:

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Dutt, R.C. | : The Economic History of India Vol. I & II. |
| Singh V.B. | : Economic History of India 1857-1956. |
| Kaushal, G. | : Economic History of India 1757-1966. |
| Naoroji Dadabhai | : Poverty and Un-British Rule in India. |
| Gadgil, D.R. | : Industrial Evolution in India. |
| Ganguli, B.N. | : Dadabhai Naoroji and the Drain Theory. |
| Das, M.N. | : Studies in Economic and Social Development of Modern India. |
| Buchanan, D.H. | : Development of Capitalist Enterprises in India. |
| Rao, V.K.R.V. | : An Essay on Indian National Income. |
| Ray-Parimal | : India's Foreign Trade. |
| Vakil, C.N. | : Financial Development in India. |
| Strachy, John and
Strachy, R. | : The Finances and Public Works of India. |
| Gyan Chand | : The Financial System of India. |
| Gupta, S.C. | : Agrarian Relations and Early British Rule in India. |
| Baden, Powell | : Land System in British India Vol. I, II & III.
: A Short Account of Land Revenue and its Administration in India. |
| गोपाल कृष्णनन, पी०क० | : भारत में अर्थशास्त्र सम्बन्धी विचारों का विकास । |
| सव्यसाची भट्टाचार्य | : ब्रिटिश राज के वित्तीय आधार । |
| चन्द्रा, बिपिन | : भारत में आर्थिक राष्ट्रवाद का उद्भव और विकास । |
| मिश्र, गिरीष | : आधुनिक भारत का आर्थिक इतिहास । |
| लूणिया, बी.एन. | : आधुनिक भारत – जन जीवन और संस्कृति । |

PAPER – IV HISTORICAL APPLICATION IN TOURISM (RAJASTHAN)

Unit – I

1. Characteristic in Tourism
2. Characteristics and Designing of Tourism Product.

Unit –II

3. History as a Tourism Product – Movements –
 - (i) Forts – Chittaurgarh, Kumbhalgarh, Amer, Nahargarh, Taragarh (Ajmer), Jaisalmer, Bikaner, Jodhpur, Jhalawar,
 - (ii) Places – City Palaces of Jaipur, Udaipur, Kota, Palaces of Bundi, Lalgarh Palace (Bikaner), Ummed Bhawan Palace (Jodhpur).
 - (iii) Temples & Other Religious Places – Dargah Sharif (Ajmer) Pushkar, Nathdwara, Karnimata (Deshnok) Jagdish temple, Ekling ji (Udaipur) Jain temple Ranakpur, Delwara, Jaisalmer, Osian.
 - (iv) Other Places of tourist interest –
Lakes, Havelies & other Monuments, Jantar – Mantar, Hawa Mahal, Mandore, Shahi Chhataria (Alwar), Devikund Sagar (Bikaner), Deeg
Fateh Sagar, Pichhola lake (Udaipur), Anasagar (Ajmer), Nakki Lake (Mt. Abu)
Havelies of Shekawati & Jaisalmer.

Unit-III

4. Historical sites
Archaeological sites - Kalibanga, Ahar, Balathal, Bagaur, Bairath, Rangmahal.

Unit IV

5. Folk Culture & Arts
Folk culture - Folk dance and Folk songs. Ghumar, Gawari, Gair, Bhawai, Art with Special Reference of Paintings Mewar, Marwar, Bundi & Kishangarh Styles (Nathdwara)
6. Festival & Religions

Unit V

7. Handicrafts, Textiles etc.
Metal Art, Wooden, Stone, Terricota..
8. Guiding Skills

Books Recommended:

- 1) Chris Copper and Fletcher : Tourism: Principles and Practices.
- 2) Wahab S. : Tourism Marketing
- 3) Bakewell Joan : The Complete Traveller.
- 4) Morrison James W. : Travel Agent and Tourism.
- 5) Millis Edward D. : Design for Holidays Tourism.
- 6) Pierce Douglas : Tourism Today: A Geographic Analysis
- 7) Bhatia A. K. : Tourism : Principles.
- 8) Deya Krishna : Temples of North India.
- 9) Dehajia Vidya : Buddhist Temples.

10) Harle J.C.L. : The Art and Architecture of the Indian Subcontinent,
Marmodsworth, Penguin 1987.

Paper – V Either (i)- History of Ideas (Religious, Political and Social Ideas)

Unit 1 Formation of religious ideas in early India.

Indus Religion, Vedic Religion, Later Vedic Religion, Upnishads.
Ideas of dissent and protest – heterodox sects.

Unit 2 Forms of religious thoughts and cultural synthesis – Sufism and Sikhism.

Reforms and Revivalism : Brahma Samaj, Prarthana Samaj and Arya Samaj, Aligarh Movement.

Unit 3 Ideas of polity – Monarchy and Oligarchy in ancient and medieval India –Republicanism.

Rights and duties of subjects.
Legitimacy of Political power – Theory & Practice in Ancient India.

Unit 4 Colonialism and Emergence of new political ideas : democracy.

Nationalism and socialism.
Communalism and secularism.

Unit 5 Formation and justification of early ideas of hierarchy : Varna, Jati and Family.

Anti Caste Movements during colonial period : Satya Shodhak Samaj, Sree Narayan Movement.
Social basis of Nationalism.

Suggested Readings:

- A.B. Keith : Religion and Philosophy of Veda and Upnishadas.
W.W. Monier : Religious Thought and Life in India.
E.W. Hopkins : The Religions of India.
F. Max Muller : Six Systems of Indian Philosophy.
S.N. Das Gupta : History of Indian Philosophy – 3 Vols.
S. Radhakrishnan : Indian Philosophy – 2 Vols.
N.C. Bandhopadhyaya : Development of Hindu polity and Political Theories.
Beni Prasad : Theory of Government in Ancient India.
U.N. Ghoshal : History of Hindu Political Theories.
H.N. Sinha : Sovereignty in Ancient Indian Polity.
S.C. Sarkar : Some Aspects of the Earliest Social History of India.
A.S. Altekar : Position of Woman in Hindu Civilization.
J.N. Farquhar : Modern Religious Movements in India.
Shivnath Shastri : History of Brahma Samaj.
H.H. Wilson : An Account of Religious Sects of Hindus.
C.Y. Chintamani : Indian Social Reforms.
A.R. Desai : Social Background of Indian Nationalism.
K.K. Dutta : Renaissance, Nationalism and Social Changes in Modern India.
Ziyaul Hasan Faruqi : The Deoband School and the Demand for Pakistan.
M.S. Jain : The Aligarh Movement: Its Origin and Development.
A. Yusuf Ali : Social and Economic Life in Medieval India.
Fauja Singh : Sikhism.
Khazan Singh : History and Philosophy of Sikh Religion.
R.P. Tripathi : Some Aspects of Muslim Administration in India.
R.C. Majumdar (ed.) : The History and Culture of Indian People. Vols. 1 to 11.
सुषीला कौषिक : भारतीय शासन एवं राजनीति ।
आषीर्वादीलाल श्रीवास्तव : मध्यकालीन संस्कृति ।

Paper – V Either (ii)- Women in Indian History

Unit 1 Sources of Study – Archival and non-archival: Govt. files, Census reports, private papers, auto-biographies. Various approaches about women – Liberal, Marxist, Socialist, and Radical.

Unit 2 Religion and Women – Brahminical, Jainism, Buddhism, Christianity, Islam and Sikhism. Reform movement and Women – Bhakti movement, Brahma Samaj, Arya Samaj, Aligarh movement.

Unit 3 Customary and legal Status of Women – Ancient India, Medieval India, Colonial India, Post independence and Tribal Societies.
Role of Women in household, Agriculture, Industry and rights of property.

Unit 4 Education and Women – Ancient India, Medieval India, Colonial India, Post Independence India. Women's organisations – Colonial, local, national, post-independence political participation of women, various movements of women in India.

Unit 5 Women and Culture – Women representation and Participation in Literature, Art, Sculpture, Music, Dance, Historical writings and media.

Suggested Readings:

- Altekar, A.S. : The Position of Women in Hindu Civilization, Delhi, 1978.
Basu, A. & Ray, B : Women's Struggle : A History of the All India Women Conference 1927,1990, Delhi.
Upadhyaya, B.S . : Women in Rigveda.
Desai, Neera : Women in Modern India, Mumbai, 1957.
Krishna Murty, J.(ed.) : Women in Colonial India, OUP, Delhi, 1989.
: Essays on Survival Work and State.
Parekh, M.C. : The Brahma Samaj.
Majumdar, Vina : Symbols of Power : Studies on the Political Status of Women in India, Delhi, 1979.
Mishra, Rekha : Women in Mughal India 1526-1748, Munsiram Manoharlal, Delhi, 1967.
Nanda B.R. : Indian Women from Purdah to Modernity, Vikas, Delhi, 1976.
Gail, Minault : The Extended Family Women and Political Participation in India and Pakistan, South Asiabooks, Columbia, 1981.
Towards Equality : Report of Committee on the Status of Women in India, Govt. of India, Delhi, 1975.
Ashraf, K.M. : Social and Economic Life in Medieval India.

Paper V Either (iii) History of Indian Thought

Unit- I

Vedic and Upanishadic Thought;
Gita and the Mahabharat

Unit- II

six systems with special reference to Sankhaya,
Yoga and Vedanta. Buddhism :
Jainism and Lokayata.

Unit- III

The Arthashastra and the Dharmashastra Tradition:
Pauranic and the Tantric Thought; Vaishnavism.

Unit- IV

The Bhaki Movement-Saints and Acharyas (Alvaras to Tulsidas)

Unit- V

Social and religious renaissance and reformation in 19th and 20th Centuries (Ram Mohan Roy to Gandhi)

Suggested Readings:

Cultural Heritage of India, Vol. IV (Ram Krishan Misson, Calcutta).
Hiriyanna : Essentials to Indian Philosophy.
Hiriyanna : Bharitiya Darshan ke Mooltattva
R.G. Bhandarkar : Vaisnavism, Saivism and other minor
Religious System.
Shir Krishan ojha : Bharatiya Chintan ka Itihas.